4,023 employees \$71,079,000 sales

Bldg.41 dedicated.

The Odyssey of Modern Drug Research, by Robert Burlingham, is published by TUC to comemorate Bldg. 41's opening.

Kodami Shoji Co. of Japan awarded sole agency rights for Upjohn in Japan.

C.V. Patterson is made Executive Vice President.

4,2:1 employees \$75,958,000 sales

ACT: , the first cortisone product, is introduced.

ECP, an estrogenic hormone, becomes the first Upjohn product exclusively for the veterinary market.

Neor ycin, for treatment of clinical mastitis in lactating dairy cows, is introduced.

The Export Division is forme!. Robert Jordon is named General Manager. R.W. Collins, Dept. Head. F.M. Boudeman, Office Manager.

Upjohn of Canada formed, July 24. First foreign subsidiary. Violet Braiden, long-time manager of the Toronto Branch Sales Office, is named Office Manager.

Nine Boots Ltd. employees come to Kalamazoo to study production methods. William DeCou goes to Englard to set up subsidiary.

T.M. Thakore & Sons goes bar rupt in India; Jordan and R. Tedrow leave in November to settle accounts. Because of Thakore bankruptcy, export takes net loss for the year.

Research Division employs 421 people.

Upj hn announces its new cor: isone product. This breakthrough will increase ava lability of the drug, dr matically reduce the cost of steroid drugs, and make Upjohn a leader in the steroid field, a position it continues to old today.

4,235 employees \$82,735,000 sales

Unipet, the company's first nutritional supplement for animals is launched. Hydrocortisone introduced.

Mycitracin Ointment introduced.

Erythromicin Tablets introduced.

Upjohn of England, Ltd., officially opens its office in London. Wm. DeCou is Manager. It is the first Upjohn subsidiary outside the North American continent.

Mrs. Carrie Gilmore Upjohn dies at age 87.

LNU retires as company Chairman.

DSG assumes Chairmanship.

EGU assumes office of the President.

4,419 employees. Sales Force: 937. \$89,679,000 sales

Panmycin Hydrochloride 100 mg.

Upjohn of Canada opens the first Upjohn manufacturing plant outside the U.S. Vancouver depot is opened. Jack Roe is named Office and Finance Manager.

Brazilian subsidiary formed in Sao Paolo.

Denver Branch office opens on November 1. George Forney is named Sales Manager; William F. Barry, Office Manager. Denver becomes the fifteenth branch.

Unicap accounts for 30% of annual sales.

4,638 employees \$102,548,000 sales (first time more than \$100-million)

Disneyland opens in California. Upjohn drugstore included on 19th century street. Walt Disney and DSG are neighbors at Palm Springs, Cal., retreat named Smoke Tree Ranch.

Upjohn S.A. de C.V. opens as Mexican subsidiary on July 21.

Upjohn signs agreement with Boots Pure Drugs, Ltd., which allows the two companies marketing rights to each other's products. This is the agreement which will give Upjohn Motrin.

In his annual report to employees, DSG reports the following:

14 percent of sales were from the 39 new products introduced in 1955.

52 percent of sales were from products introduced 1950 - 1955.

48 percent of sales were from products introduced before 1950.

4,983 employees. Sales Force: 1,018. \$113,590,000 sales

From a soil sample scooped up in Queens, New York, Upjohn markets **Albamycin**, a broad spectrum antibiotic.

Halotestin, a potent oral androgen, is introduced. Later, it proves useful as an anti-cancer agent.

Upjohn purchases 160 acre Brook Lodge estate. Construction of guest cottages begins.

Washington, D.C. Branch Office opens on April 1. Edward Schwartz is Office Manager.

Cincinnati Branch opens on Aug. 1. V.R. (Vince) Facciuto named Office Manager; E.V. (Earl) Sales Manager.

Symbolizing the company's widening geographic boundaries, Upjohn purchases its first airplane -- a LearStar.

Veterinary Reserach Section created, Gordon Stocking, D.V.M., head. Upjohn purchases the first 25 acres of the Upjohn Richland Farms to build a Veterinary Research Station.

Citrocarbonate acounts for less than 1% of annual sales -- down from 23% in 1926 -- but the dollar amounts are the same.

Australian subsidiary set up.

5,233 employees. Sales Force: 1054. \$128,083,000 sales

Medrol, Orinase and Panalba -- nicknamed MOP by the sales and advertising force -- these three new products are the biggest in many years from TUC. Panmycin Phosphate is also introduced.

Conference Hall is constructed at Brook Lodge.

Long Island, N.Y. Branch Office is opened. H. Robert Gruber, Office Manager.

The Veterinary Division is formed, following recommendations of a report filed by PSP and RTP. Division consists of four departments: Sales, Medical, Advertising and Research. Gordon Stocking is Director.

The Fine Chemical Division is formed. Keith Edmondson is director.

Sune Bergstrom, of the Karolinska Institute in Stockholm, identifies the first prostaglandin. His call to Upjohn's David Weisblat, enters TUC into the exciting new field of prostaglandins.

Upjohn of England, Ltd., dedicates new Crawley facility (July 1). (Finishing and packaging plant until 1963)

Export Division becomes Upjohn International Operations, Inc. (Dec. 3). Upjohn Overseas Corp. (Panama subsidiary) and Upjohn Inter-American Corp. formed.

Australian subsidiary moves to Rydalmere.

Cooperative steroid screening program begun with Cancer Chemotherapy National Service Center.

5,513 employees \$146,136,000 sales. 58% of sales are from products less than 5 yrs. old.

Employee educational assistance program is formed.

TUCO (pty) Ltd., is formed in Johannesburg, South Africa (April). Two joint ventures are formed in France; French sales office opens. Upjohn of Canada dedicates 45,000 sq.ft. addition. Colombian subsidiary formed (March 1) Panama Branch of Upjohn Inter-American Corp. formed. Upjohn signs agreement with Boots Pure Drug Co., Ltd., to sell bulk pharmaceuticals in the U.K.

At the May stockholders' meeting, Floyd A. Eberly is made Vice President over engineering and pharmacy and chemistry departments. R.T. Parfet is named Vice President over treasurer's office and legal division. P. S. Parish is named Vice President over international division and personnel. R.M. Boudeman is elected to board.

In January, a chemical fire in Tin City halts production for three-and-a-half months, while chemical engineers study the causes (shut-down sanctioned by Eberly and William Schneider; much of the study done by Ward Greiner). Despite the down time, steroid production doubles in Fine Chemicals-construction of a new facility is announced.

The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) serves complaint on Upjohn and five other companies for violating anti-trust laws in antibiotic sales (Aug. 1).

"The Cell" is unveiled at the AMA convention in San Fransisco. It is the first exhibit of its kind, developed by Gerard Macleod, M.D., of Special Projects Department, and New York designer Will Burtin.

After a 25 for 1 split, Upjohn "goes public." (Dec.)

5,750 employees \$156,914,000 sales

Provera, Oxylone, Predef steroid hormone (Ag-vet)

"UPJ" appears for the first time on the NYSE.

New pharmaceutical manufacturing plant opens in Sydney, Australia. Venezuela and Puerto Rico branches of Upjohn Inter-American Corp. open. International sales of Upjohn Vet products formally begins in Canada (today they are available in more than 40 countries). Total divisional sales up 20%. Japan Upjohn Ltd. formed (joint venture, July 2). Castro takes over Cuba--W.A. Sykes sent to close down the subsidiary.

Pill, Iron, Strychnine, Arsenic and Mercury, Compound, red (formerly known as Pill, Hematic Tonic, red) is discontinued. It is the last friable pill manufactured by Upjohn. (see 1906)

Boots Ltd. chemists discover ibuprofen.

Construction begins on Bldg. 88. DSG acts as project engineer, in close association with Skidmore, Owens and Merrill.

C.V. Patterson retires after 33 years. R.T. Parfet and P.S. Parish are made executive V.P.s.

Fermentation R&D facility completed at Portage site: researchers moved from downtown.

Senate Subcommittee on Antitrust and Monopoly hearings continue throughout year.

In November, Upjohn announces a price reduction on Orinase of 50¢ per bottle.

6,045 employees \$169,430,000 sales

Depo-Provera, Didrex, Unipet vitamins, Biosol and Biotef (Ag/Vet).

Upjohn de Mexico subsidiary formed, manufacturing plant opens (April) -- the first in Latin America.

Italian subsidiary formed (April), Cuban subsidiary formed (Aug.), Upjohn SA (Puurs, Belgium) formed (Sept.). International Division represents 10% total sales, has 14 subs--8 less than 2 years ago.

Construction begins on \$3 million chemical development building in Fine Chemicals.

Study shows more than 650,000 patients using Orinase.

FTC hearing still pending; EGU addresses senate hearings in April; Federal Grand Jury investigation is called in New York, naming Upjohn as coconspirator in price fixing.

The "brain" is unveiled at a June AMA convention in San Francisco.

6,358 employees \$165,886,000 sales

Adeflor Drops (flouride), Alphadrol (corticoid), Unicap Chewables, Orinase Diagnostic, Monase (the company's first CNS drug), Albamix feed additive, Botran are introduced.

Bldg. 88 is opened. Henrietta offices are remodeled for research division use. A new chemical development building is completed.

Michigan Agricultural Company is formed as a marketing arm for Vet Division (and the fifth department). Its first product is **Albamix**, a novobiocin-base feed additive developed with the help of Utah State University researchers. This marks the entry of Upjohn Ag products into proprietary animal products.

Upjohn International Inc. becomes official name of division. Sales operations in Nigeria begin in Feb. Peru Branch of Upjohn Inter-American Corp. formed. TUCO of S. Africa takes over distribution to that country in July, and in Sept. the Hong Kong Branch of Upjohn Co. S.A. (formerly Upjohn Overseas Corp.) is formed.

Cuban subsidiary is terminated on January 18.

Unicap product advertising in magazines and on radio/tv is attempted on trial basis. Research directions are listed as: hormones, heart disease, cancer, hypertension, diabetes, nutrition, metabolic diseases, mental diseases, arthritis, degenerative diseases. Clinical trials begin on Lincocin. Second "brain" constructed for European display.

HT Morphine Sulphate 1/2 grain is discontinued -- the last product from the original 1886 product catalog.

Senate hearings end. Kefauver-Celler bill proposed.

H.B. Allen retires G. Thomas is elected corporate secretary to succeed nim.

Kalamazoo Institute of Arts opens, founded and funded by DSG.

7,150 employees \$173,181,000 sales

Adeflor Prenatal, Adeflor Plus, Uracil Mustard (anti-cancer agent).

Philippine subsidiary (Feb.). R.M. Boudeman (RMB) becomes president, Upjohn International Inc. Upjohn Co. SA purchases Laboratorios Anodia S.A. (Argentina).

Fine Chemicals division has sales of \$5 million. A 50% expansion of fermentation facilities is announced.

Acquisition of Carwin Chemical Co. enters Upjohn into the age of plastics. Expansion begins at N.H.

PR&D begins pharmaceutical study of ibuprofen. A physician symposium is held at Kalamazoo on **Orinase'**s first five years.

FDA issues new clinical trial regulations.

Upjohn spends 11% of net sales on research.

DSG retires as Chairman. He accepts newly created position as Vice-Chairman. EGU becomes Chairman. RTP becomes President.

L.M. Crockett dies at 77, having built more than 75 Upjohn buildings. Les Harrop retires in Dec.; G. Thomas is named secretary and general counsel.

In March, Monase is withdrawn.

The first nationwide advertising program for **Unicap** is begun. Mid-year, the price of tetracyline products is cut.

First issue of INTERCOM published.

7,517 employees \$191,748,000 sales

Enide

Manufacturing plants in Crawley, England and Puurs, Belgium are simultaneously dedicated in Sept.

Holland Branch of Upjohn S.A. formed. Greek subsidiary formed.

Acquisition of CPR (Torrance, CA) plastics company.

RMB elected a vice president of The Upjohn Company. J.C. Gauntlett is made vice president for pharmaceutical marketing.

The first mass spectrometer is installed in the research division.

The "brain" exhibit is displayed at the Royal College of Art, London.

A swine farrowing structure is completed at the farm.

8,134 employees \$209,715,000 sales

The Agricultural Products Division is organized to place all domestic animal health, and plant health operation under one agricultural research and marketing organization. David A. Philipson, D.V.M., is named Director.

C.P. Continental S.A, a cosmetic firm in Mexico City, acquired (Harry Tomlinson sent by Boudeman to run it). A joint venture is begun in Spain. A Chilean subsidiary is established (opens in 1965).

The Polymer Chemical Division is established.

C.H. Ludlow succeeds D. Gordon Knapp as treasurer.

Floyd Eberly is elected Executive Vice President in charge of chemical production, the polymer chemical division, control, engineering, and legal. Jack. C. Gauntlett is elected to board of directors when Dorothy U. Dalton retires.

Les Harrop dies in December: G. Thomas is elected vice president and appointed to fill out Harrop's term on the board.

List prices are cut by 20% on tetracycline products, due to competition.

With the permission of the State of Michigan, Upjohn opens a Phase I pharmaceutical research clinic at the State Prison of Southern Michigan in Jackson.

A feedmill and warehouse are added to the building complex at the farm.

The "brain" is exhibited at N.Y. World's Fair.

8,730 employees \$242,432,000 sales

After six years of research, Lincocin is introduced.

Solu-Medrol and Repromix (for fertility control in cattle) introduced.

A feed additive premix manufacturing plant is put into operation near the Portage manufacturing plant. The TUCO label replaces the Michigan Ag. Co. label.

Guatamalan, Swedish, and German subsidiaries formed. Danish Branch of Upjohn S.A. opens. Upjohn Ltd. (England) buys agricultural company to market animal health products.

New research building completed at cost of \$6.5 million. Animal rearing building completed at Portage site.

Fine Chemicals completes 5th expansion of fermentation and steroid plants, resulting in a 30% increase in capacity.

Major expansion of LaPorte, Houston, begins. Aim is to increase capacity more than threefold.

A 10% price cut for Orinase is announced. Sales total breaks out to 25% antibiotics, 22% steroid products, 18% antidiabetes, 14% bulk chemicals. International sales are 20.8% of total.

Federal Medicare legislation is enacted. .

9,470 employees \$257,555,000 sales

Tolinase is introduced.

Ag Division: MGA introduced.

At a symposium in Stockholm, Upjohn announces the successful biosynthesis of a prostaglandin analog.

Upjohn awards \$250,000 -- its largest grant ever to an outside researcher -- to 64 year old bio-chemist Johan Bjorksten. His project -- an anti-aging pill that would give humans several extra decades of hearty life.

Delray Beach, Florida Ag. Research Station opens. The Poultry Research building completed at farm.

Union organizers attempt unsuccessfully to organize fine chemical division.

TUC acquires controlling interest in Macrosonics Corp. in Carteret, N.J., and a minority intrest in Isomet Corp. in Palisades, N.J., both are research and development companies related to diagnostics.

Upjohn Trading Corp. formed, and opens Japanese branch.
Limited line of pharmaceuticals introduced in Saigon, North Vietnam.

Expansions announced in Belgium and U.K.; new plants begun in France and Italy.

R.M. Boudeman named Executive Vice President of company. Larry C. Hoff (LCH) is named Dir. of Domestic Pharmaceutical Sales.

The "brain" goes on permanent display at the Cleveland Health Education Museum.

10,070 employees \$272,970,000 sales

Maolate, to relieve muscular discomfort, is introduced.

Ag Division: MGA 100 (feedlot additive for heiffers) is introduced.

CQ program program established.

Medical Science Liaison program established (LCH and P. VanHaaften design program, Bernie Glick is first MSL).

First product manufactured at Guatemalan plant. Anora Division (Kenral) of Upjohn of Canada formed. New plants in Brazil and South America announced.

R.T. Parfet organizes Upjohn into four major operational groups.

- --Pharmaceutical (RMB)
- --International (RDT)
- -- Chemicals & Plastics (KHE)
- --Ag Products (DAP)

RMB proposes organizing a Pharmaceutical Administrative Committee (Today known as the Pharm. Steering Committee).

Dick Heinzelman, section head in Chemistry Dept., announces to CNS Project Team that it should begin looking for "novel and useful benzodiazepine derivatives."

Laboratory Procedures, Inc. is acquired.

Penicillin production facility completed--first completely separate production building.

DSG research labs are opened in North Haven.

Chemical division sales hit \$20 million. Fermentation expands capacity 30%.

LNU dies (he is 93). W.F. Allen retires. Floyd Eberly retires.

11,400 employees \$333,240,000 sales

Cleocin introduced in Germany (known as Dalacin C).

Research Division reorganized along product-oriented lines, focusing on specific disease groups. All research "teams" include, chemists, biologists and physicists. (D.I. Weisblat).

Upjohn purchases Asgrow Seed Company, thrusting Upjohn into the agronomic and vegetable seed business.

Majority interest acqired in Linden Laboratories, a clinical diagnostic firm in Atlanta, Georgia.

First product made in Italian plant. Thai subsidiary is set up. Upjohn closes down Kenral just before Christmas. Offices open in Rotterdam, Holland.

Clinical studies of ibuprofen begin under Carter Brooks.

First equation for molecular structure of alprazolam (Xanax) discovered by Jackson B. Hester on October 9.

W.N. Hubbard, M.D., elected to the board.

11,630 employees \$371,011,000 sales

Cytosar Sterile Solution introduced.

First isocyanate products shipped to Europe.

Iran Branch of Upjohn S.A. formed.

Upjohn executives (R. Tedrow, G. Thomas, W. Schneider) travel to England to form agreement with Boots, Ltd., on ibuprofen.

Job Opportunity Program started. First job posted was Supervisor, Sterile Products Packaging, Unit 2760.

Upjohn acquires Homemakers, Inc. of Joliet, IL, envolving Upjohn directly in the personal health care business.

TUC acquires Wood Diagnostics of Tacoma, Wash.

Chem division reorganizes into: Polymer Chem Division, CPR Division, DSG labs, Fine Chemicals Division.

Asgrow Mandeville is formed to produce lawn and garden package seeds. Two new buildings are completed at the farms, including animal research offices.

Alprazolam is converted to a compound on Jan. 15. On Feb. 12, animal tests determine alprazolam is an effective anxiolytic. On Feb. 13, alprazolam is formally reduced to practice. It becomes a New Drug Candidate in October, at which time an NPPT is formed. Patent applied for, Oct. 29.

DSG retires as Vice Chairman; PSP succeeds him.

EGU retires as Chairman.

RTP becomes Chairman and CEO.

RMB becomes President.

LCH is named VP Domestic Pharmaceutical Marketing.

12,170 employees \$397,693,000 sales

Cleocin Oral introduced.

Panalba recalled as a result of FDA action against combination antibiotics. Provest oral contraceptive withdrawn.

Human testing on alprazolam begins.

Taiwan Branch of Upjohn International Inc. formed. New S. African plant occupied. Korean subsidiary formed.

Vitamins account for 8% of annual sales.

200 investigators test ibuprofin in 5,000 arthritics. Stomach irritation testing is also done. Motrin (ibuprofen) is named a New Product Candidate.

FDA inspections of pharmaceutical industry spark reorganization and retooling of sterile products production.

University Group Diabetes Program study causes drop in Orinase sales.

First Upjohn retiree picnic. 110 attend.

Chem. Division accounts for 15% of TUC sales -- International accounts for 33%.

Wm. N. Hubbard, M.D., joins Upjohn as VP and General Manager, Pharmaceutical Division.

12,400 employees \$438,387,000 sales

Trobicin, Cleocin Pediatric, Gravlee Jet Washer (first mechanical health product, used in collecting uterine cells for cancer testing) introduced. Ag Division: Albamix, Unipet Sr. introduced.

Korean plant opens. Indonesian subsidiary is formed.

Motrin is introduced in Mexico.

UMC of Puerto Rico is incorporated, and plans for a \$30 million manufacturing compound announced.

\$12-million Urethane plant begins operations. \$2-million diamines plant in North Haven, Conn. completed (will produce intermediate chemicals for the dyestuff and pigment industries).

Preliminary sales forecasts are done on Motrin.

Consumer Products unit created.

Sales for Orinase and Tolinase are down 14%, due to adverse publicity.

13,400 employees \$511,337,000 sales (first time more than \$500-million)

Ag Division: Neomix

Two products debut in Europe: Pensyn (generic ampicillin) and Soxomide (sulfa drug).

Upjohn markets the world's first two commercial prostaglandin products in the U.K.: Prostin E2 and Prostin F2-alpha.

Upjohn acquires full ownership of French companies, reorganizes them as Laboratoires Upjohn. Brazilian plant opens. Malaysian subsidiary is formed. Portuguese subsidiary opens.

Company enters into foreign borrowing for first time.

Isocyanate production facilities open in Delfzijl, Netherlands. Urethane plant opens in Alaska. Pellathane plant opens in Houston, Texas. Upjohn announces sale of urethane process techology to Soviet Union.

Admiral Equipment forms joint venture with Mitsubishi and Bridgestone Tire.

Asgrow headquarters moves to Ag Division Bldg. 190 (Upjohn Farms).

W.N. Hubbard (WNH) elected Executive VP of Upjohn, with worldwide pharmaceutical responsibility.

14,750 employees \$647,483,000 sales

Methosarb, Cleocin Phosphate, Prostin F2-alpha introduced.

Minoxidil, topical hydrocortisone, and triazolam in early development stages.

Motrin and Micronase NDAs filed.

First product made in Indonesian plant. Nigerian subsidiary formed. Dominican Republic Branch of Upjohn Inter-American Corp. formed.

Expansion of Arecibo antibiotics plant announced. 50% expansion of Houston isocyanate capacity announced. Homemakers opens 12 new offices.

Upjohn/Kasei processing plant announced. \$3.2-million expansion of steroid production announced.

OTC products receive national TV promotion.

Cleocin Phosphate sets first-year sales record. Steroids up 18%.

Chemical sales up 42%, Ag sales up 22%.

L.C. Hoff (LCH) and D.I. Weisblat named directors.

Lincomycin/clindamycin controversy erupts late in the year.

16,550 employees \$794,575,000 sales

Motrin is introduced.

The Ag Division introduces **Prostin F2-alpha Vet**, the first agricultural prostaglandin product ever marketed, and **Lincomix**, a growth-promoting feed additive.

Kenyan subsidiary formed.

A \$46-million antibiotics manufacturing plant dedicated in Arecibo, Puerto Rico.

Ground broken for new \$43-million PR&D building in Kalamazoo.

Cobb Breeding Corporation is purchased.

Homemakers opens first Canadian offices.

Sales of Lincocin and Cleocin decline in 4th quarter because of possible link to diarrhea and colitis.

Unit volume decline in Chem Division sales.

Upjohn changes to LIFO method of accounting for domestic inventories.

Upjohn President R.M. Boudeman dies. (3/23/74) WNH named as President.

LCH made General Manager, US Pharmaceutical Operations.

17,600 employees \$890,771,000 sales

Unicap Plus Iron and Mint Flavored Kaopectate introduced.

Cobb 100 Plus introduced.

First product at new French plant. Ecuador Branch of Upjohn Inter-America Corp. formed. New research lab is dedicated in Takasaki, Japan.

Motrin sales reach \$55 million, highest first-year sales of any pharmaceutical product in U.S. history.

Steroids and anti-inflammatory products comprise largest product sales. Sales of Lincocin, Cleocin, Orinase and Tolinase still adversely affected by bad publicity.

Sept. 24: Board of Patent Interferences upholds Upjohn patent on alprazolam.

31 new company owned and franchised offices opened by Homemakers in U.S.

Asgrow opens several new soybean research and production facilities throughout the U.S.

Upjohn issues \$12.5 million in ten-year notes: first entry into long-term borrowing in company history.

18,300 employees \$1,025,536,000 sales (first time more than \$1-billion)

New research facility (Bldg. 209) opens.

New manufacturing plant opens in Bogota, Columbia. Upjohn acquires Xanca S.A. (Spain). First product manufactured at Venezuelan plant. Several Upjohn businesses merge into Upjohn S.p.A. C.P. Continental, S.A. de C.V. liquidated.

Oct. 19: patent on alprazolam approved.

Dec.: Motrin production moves to Arecibo plant.

International PIP program introduced.

Public Affairs Committee and Foreign Currency Exposure Committee formed.

Upjohn acknowledges "questionable" payments of \$2.7 million in foreign countries during 1971 -1975. The practice is stopped.

E-Mycin and **Lincocin-Cleocin** sales improve, following repudiation of negative publicity. High losses in earnings due to inflation and poor foreign exchange rates.

18,830 employees \$1,134,325,000 sales

Colestid is introduced.

Halcion is introduced in overseas markets.

Prostin E2 receives FDA marketing approval.

Upjohn's Trymer isocyanate foam goes into space on the Space Shuttle.

Dental coverage added to Employee Medical Plan.

Colombian manufacturing plant built--International's 18th. TUCO Ltd. becomes a Taiwan subsidiary.

Research expenditure goes over \$100 million for the first time.

Ag announces the creation of an Experimental Agricultural Science Unit.

Chem division has a good year: capacity use near optimum levels.

Top sellers in pharmaceutical division are steroids and other

antiinflammatories and antibiotics. Oral antidiabetes sales begin to
recover.

LCH named Executive VP for Worldwide Pharmaceutical Operations.

19,920 employeesd \$1,328,551,000 sales

Florone cream and ointment marketed.

Cheque Drops introduced by Vet Division.

Homemakers changes name to Upjohn HealthCare Services.

Columbian Plant occupied.

MSR program created.

Blizzard shuts down TUC.

Theodore Cooper, M.D., Ph.D., replaces EGU on Board.

Isopor joint venture between Quimigal and Upjohn formed.
Upjohn Polymer-Europa AG formed in St. Gallen, Switzerland.
Sitosterol conversion announced.

Asgrow opens research stations in France and Italy.

Company researchers successfully use bacteria to produce the protein ovalbumin, the first product of Upjohn DNA research.

Drug Regulation Reform Act of 1978.

21,075 employees \$1,508,025,000 sales

Motrin 600 approved. Motrin approved for menstrual pain.

Loniten and Emycin E Liquid introduced.

Lutalyse, a prostaglandin product for beef and dairy herds, introduced.

Upjohn purchases pharmaceutical manufacturing plant in Spain and opens Scientific offices in India New (Delhi), Jordan (Amman), and Saudi Arabia (Jeddah).

First products made in Chilean and Colombian plants. Upjohn Farmoquimica, S.A. (Spain) purchased.

DSG dies. He is 84.

NDA filed for Xanax.

Halcion pulled from Dutch market.

Bldg. 41 water system renovated.

Construction begins on Bldgs. 242 and 243.

PR&D reorganized.

FDA audits University Group Diabetes Program study on tolbutamide.

FDA approves board of inquiry into Depo-Provera.

Corp. Public Relations office opens in Brussels.

Lincocin-Cleocin, steroids, Motrin are the big sellers for the year.

Drugs donated to Cambodian refugees.

Four Upjohn executives travel to China to open business dialogue.

21,991 employees \$1,760,576,000 sales

Cortaid introduced.
Cleocin T, U-Gencin, Calderol introduced.

CPR Division opens new manufacturing plant in Columbus, Ohio.

Asgrow establishes a Worldwide Vegetable Seed Division, announces \$3.5 million expansion, including two new soybean production sites.

Agricultural Division headquarters office and facilities were doubled with a \$4.5-million expansion.

First product made in Spanish plant. Expansions announced for French and English plants.

Marketing Division and Engineering Division reorganized.

\$150\$-million public notes offered by Upjohn (second time in history). Sold in 4 days.

Corporate Computer Center occupies Bldg. 243

Fine Chemicals (Kal), announces \$230 million expansion.

Motrin shows dramatic sales increase. Lincocin-Cleocin products perform well. Cortaid has good first year.

Controllers from 3 divisions and corporate units meet in Florence, Italy.

Theodore Cooper becomes Upjohn Executive Vice President.

21,410 employees \$1,898,334,000 sales

Xanax and Prostin VR Pediatric introduced.
Ag introduces SOK-Bt.

Rufen marketed.

Cattle feeding research facility constructed at the farms.

Upjohn sells Lab. Pro. to Smith-Kline.

Asgrow celebrates 125 anniversary, announces 3.5-million expansion. Two new soybean sites open.

New labs and offices open in Puerto Rico.

Medical Affairs Division formed. \$4.9-million Clinical Affairs building construction begins.

Pope John Paul II treated with Dalacin C.

Dorothy Upjohn Dalton dies. She is 90.

\$38.5-million expansion of Bldg. 41 begins.

\$3.5-million expansion at Italian plant.

Upjohn Diagnostics is officially formed.

Employee benefits average \$11,758.

21,190 employees \$1,828,730,000 sales

Zanosar, Hylorel, Cheracol Plus.

Ag Division: Mitaban and Collego introduced.

Decline in net earnings of 30.7% result from adverse impact of foreign currency rates, depressed worldwide markets for urethane chemicals and operating problems at ISOPOR plant in Portugal. Ag Division is the only segment to achieve worldwide sales growth. Repatriation from Puerto Rican operations begins: a total of \$86 million for the year.

Xanax exceeds sales forecasts, selling \$12.6 million, 3.2% of the market. Upjohn signs pact with Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., of Japan to develop an antidiabetes drug. Upjohn recieves rights to nicorandil from Chugai Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.

Nigeria subsidiary breaks ground on warehouse expansion. First product is produced in new Brazilian pharmaceutical plant. Puurs begins a \$35 million expansion, making it the second largest pharmaceutical firm in Belgium. A new plant is dedicated in Taiwan. Crawley celebrates its 25th anniversary in June, and opens an \$11 million PR&D lab.

Asgrow builds a research station in Brazil. Cobb Inc. signs marketing agreement with Japan.

The Fine Chemical division builds a \$5.5 million steroid processing area.

Sune K. Bergstrom wins the 1982 Nobel Prize for Medicine. Upjohn responds to drug-tampering incidents by creating tamper-resistant wrapping and caps for many of its OTC products.

PR&D is reorganized.

21,410 employees \$1,986,106,000 sales

Halcion, Hylorel, Lincocin Soluble Powder. Cyclo-Prostin approved in U.K. Ag Division: Albadry Plus

Cleocin Phosphate, Tolinase, Xanax and Halcion make up 88% of U.S. pharmaceutical sales increases. Motrin and Lincocin sales fall off slightly. Lincomix leads Ag Division sales. Chemical division sustains loss again, but sales are up. Xanax sales top \$44.2 million. NDA for Nuprin filed. Extension of tax exemption acheived in Puerto Rico--until 1998.

The Malaysian subsidiary is dissolved. Argentina subsidiary's assets are sold, primarily because of hyperinflation. Greek Branch of Upjohn Inter-American Corp. formed.

O's Gold Seed Co. acquired. Upjohn signs agreement with California biotechnology firm to develop bovine growth hormone product. A new biohazard research diet mixing facility constructed at the farms.

Ag Research is placed under PR&D.

Fine Chemicals opens a new computer-controlled facility to produce a steroid intermediate. Construction begins on new fermentation R&D facility, including labs for recombinant DNA work.

The creation of a new biotechnology area is announced, including the hiring of approximately 75 chemists and biologists.

Surgical Specialty Representatives (SSRs) are created.

Office of the Chairman created mid-year.

"A Century of Caring" ad campaign launched.

22,170 employees \$2,179,060,000 sales (first time more than \$2-billion)

Micronase, Nuprin, Motrin 800, Bio-Delta.

Fine Chemicals Division produces \$100-million worth of bulk chemicals for the first time in its history.

UMC celebrates it 10th anniversary. New pharmaceutical plant built in Korea. Japan plant dedicated. Japan Branch of Upjohn Pharmaceuticals, Ltd, formed, in order to develop a new research facility.

One-third of 2.2 billion operating revenue comes from foreign sales. UHCS makes 12% of human health care total (177 million).

More than 19,000 physicians at 27 different sites across the U.S watch a satelite telecast on the new Physicians Guide to Type II Diabetes, the new accepted guideline of the treatment of Type II diabetes, compiled by the Am. Diabetes Assoc. with Upjohn support.

Study completed on minoxidil's effect on baldness. Analysis of data begins.

Public Board of Inquiry recommends Depo-Provera not be approved as a contraceptive. Motrin price cut is announcd on July 9. Upjohn announces the completion of a \$57 million research building in Kalamazoo, and plans to build two more research buildings for 1986. The company's plant health business is sold to NOR-AM Chemical Co.

WNH retires as President, replaced by L.C.Hoff.
PS Parish is replaced as Vice Chairman by T. Cooper.
W.U. Parfet is named Upjohn Treasurer.

22,000 employees (estimate)

Upjohn announces construction of manufacturing facility in Kalamazoo for the production of Regaine. \$75-million research expansion begun downtown.

Upjohn announces gift of \$2 million to create Kalamazoo Math and Science center for area high school students.

Production of Halcion and Xanax shifts to Puerto Rico.

Patent on Motrin expires.

Upjohn terminates its fertility research unit.

Upjohn stockholders take steps to avert any possible takeover.

Pharmacy Science Liasons (PSLs) created.

New research facility opens in Japan.

Sixty studies begin worldwide for panic-related disorder indication for Xanax.

Upjohn sells Polymer Chemical Division to Dow Chemical Company.

WU Parfet is elected to the Board of Directors.